

## FROM WASHINGTON.

[Special Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]  
WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 13, 1890.

A caucus of the republican Senators will be held to-morrow night on the several bills and resolutions now before the Senate on the subject of the Force bill and the modes by which it and the tariff bill can be passed before the close of the present session. Senator Quay is of the opinion that his resolution, excluding the Force bill from those that should be passed at this session, will be approved by a majority of the caucus, notwithstanding the opposition of Senator Hoar and the other more venomous South-baters, even backed as they are by the President. He says every body is tired of the long session, that the republican members of the House should be allowed to go home to take part in their campaigns, that he has enough work on his hands to carry his State, and that the northern capitalists who have invested money in southern lands and industries are opposed to the Force bill, and will refuse to subscribe to republican campaign funds if it be passed. For these and many other reasons he thinks the session should adjourn as soon as possible and not lose time in attempting to pass the Force bill. It is understood that when Mr. Dutton, the large capitalist of Pennsylvania, was here last week, he not only told Senators Quay and Cameron how injurious the bill would be to his interests in the South, but gave them to understand that they need expect no more political aid from him if that bill is passed, but that he also gave Postmaster-General Wadsworth a plain talk to the same effect.

Among the papers introduced in the Senate to-day was one by Mr. Cockrell of Missouri, from a fifty years' vote of his State, in which he terms the tariff bill the robber of the wealth of sixty millions of people; the original package bill, the violator of the sacred right of home; the lottery bill, a devilish invention to steal away the freedom of the press and the sanctity of the mail; and the federal election bill, the confessor of the freedom of the ballot, without which the federal constitution is a sham and a shame.

People acquainted with Mr. Clarkson, who, it is now said, will resign his place as Assistant Postmaster General on the first proximo, say that notwithstanding his denial, he intends to accept the position of secretary of the republican congressional campaign committee, having been assured of ample funds to buy a republican majority in the next House, and of the entire control of its decisions.

Mr. Russell, chairman of the House elections committee, now says he doesn't know when he shall call up the Langston-Venable contested case, as should he do so during the absence of so many republican members, he might fail to out-Venable. At yesterday's meeting of the committee all the democratic members stayed away intentionally, thus breaking a quorum and preventing the republicans from doing anything.

While Mr. Hume has yet made no public announcement of his intention to be a candidate for Congress in the Alexandria-Venable district, General Lee, the general impression is on the subject is that he will be. It is said that he has been led to believe that he can carry most of the counties in the district, and that the falling off in the democratic vote in Fauquier and Loudoun counties will be so great that they will be more than offset by his majorities in the other counties. Last interested parties say that if a republican candidate, Mr. Hume will not, and that if a republican candidate shall not run, Gen. Lee will not only receive the vote of all the straight ticket democrats in the district, but that of a large portion of such republicans as may take the trouble to go to the polls.

That some of the workmen of Philadelphia have a true insight into republican Congressional legislation is proved by the fact that some of them have petitioned Congress for a subsidy to remove manufacturing plants, so that they might buy their votes cheaper.

It is rumored that so intent is President Harrison upon breaking up the Louisiana lottery that he intends either to send a supplementary message to Congress on the subject as soon as he turns from Boston, or to make personal appeals to the republican congressional managers to pass the anti-lottery bill before the close of the present session. But his son still continues to publish lottery advertisements.

The following is the only change that was made in the 4th class postoffice of Virginia to-day: Newport, Giles county, Mrs. S. H. Smith, appointed postmaster, vice Mrs. S. A. Butler, removed.

## Letter from Fauquier.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]

MARSHALL, Aug. 12.—Several car loads of fine cattle have been shipped from this station in the past few weeks by a number of parties for the Baltimore markets.

On Tuesday evening last Mr. Winston Lawler was on his way home from this place, driving a young horse attached to a meat wagon, the horse became frightened at a push cart and dashed off, smashing the wagon. Mr. L. sustained some slight bruises.

A young gentleman here, Marion J. Speiden, has been made the victim of misplaced confidence by a party in Boston, called the "Avon Supply Co.," to whom he remitted a sum of money for a printing outfit and after waiting one month has not received it, and it is not likely he ever will.

On Friday night last Rev. James Woolf, a minister in the Baptist Church, died at the home of his father, Andrew Woolf, esq., near here. The reverend gentleman had been a victim to that dread disease, consumption, for over 15 years and several days before his death had several hemorrhages. The sympathies of all are with the afflicted family and relative. The remains were buried in the Middleburg cemetery on Sunday morning last. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. W. F. Dunaway.

Mr. Byrd Walker, of New York city, arrived here on last Saturday evening on a two weeks vacation to his mother and charming sister, as also other friends, and all who knew him gave a most hearty welcome.

Mrs. George B. Cochran, of Alexandria, has been spending several weeks here at the home of Mr. C's mother and sisters.

Mrs. W. H. Gibson and her sister Laura, of Washington, D. C., are on a visit to their parents here, Dr. P. R. Harry and wife.

Misses Minnie and Florence Burgess, also Miss Annie Barry, of Washington, D. C., are here for several weeks at the home of Mrs. M. E. Davis.

Miss Lucy Lunsford, of New Baltimore, Va., one of Fauquier's charming daughters, is now on a pleasant visit to the Misses Creel near here, and will remain one month.

On Sunday evening last, near the home of Mrs. Hume, two young gentlemen, Willie Corbett and T. J. Byly, were out riding at a tolerably rapid gait when, by some means, the foot of the horse ridden by the second named, caught in a hole in a trough over which they were passing, causing the animal to fall upon young Byly who had been thrown suddenly forward. His companion did all in his power to relieve him, but with out avail. The severe injuries were of such a character that he was rendered unconscious, and after much suffering he died on yesterday morning. He was the son of Mr. S. P. Bayly, sr., near Deaplane, was in his 25th year, and was on a visit to his parents, near Schloss, Ala., where he had been living and of which town he was postmaster. The deceased was a most exemplary young man, charitable to the poor, and his sad and untimely death is a crushing blow to his own immediate family and those who knew him. The horse's neck was broken, killing him almost instantly.

The Methodist grove meeting will be held

near Rector's X Roads, in this county, commencing next Saturday and continuing until the following Friday. A large number always attend these services, and a number of able ministers are expected to preach during the time, among them Rev. W. J. Young, of your city.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The new silver law goes into effect to-day.

War between Salvador and Honduras is considered inevitable.

The House anti-lottery bill was favorably reported in the Senate yesterday.

Robert W. Carter, register of wills of Montgomery county, Maryland, died at Rockville yesterday.

Governor Prince, of New Mexico, asks the government to send troops to protect the mail trains from Whitecaps.

The Chicago and Atlantic Railway was sold in Indianapolis yesterday for five million dollars to Drexel & Morgan on behalf of the Erie road.

It is now said that the Farmers' Alliance of North Carolina will not oppose the reelection of Senator Vance, and that he is certain to be renominated.

The assets of the Merchants' and Bankers' Telegraph Company were sold in New York yesterday for \$390,000. Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll was the purchaser.

The observatory at Havana, announces that the cyclone which was east and north east of Cuba on Monday is approaching the United States coast in the direction of Charleston.

The Argentine government has placed a guard of police around the house of ex-President Celman, in Buenos Ayres, to protect the building from a mob who threatened to burn it.

Natives of Yap, one of the Caroline Islands, recently killed a lieutenant and twenty-seven soldiers belonging to the Spanish garrison of the place, who they found unarmed cutting wood in the forest.

During a recent battle in the city of San Salvador the forces of the provisional government seized the American consulate in the city, hauled down the flag and damaged the property, but afterwards due reparation was made.

A dispatch from the City of Guatemala says the many rumors that Barrillas had been deposed have been proven to be false. It is feared the revolution headed by Barundia is gaining headway and that the times of Barrios have returned.

A. E. Ashford, the Farmers' Alliance candidate for Congress in the Eighth Alabama district, has written a letter withdrawing from the race in favor of Gen. Joe Wheeler, the present representative, who will be renominated by the democratic convention.

The great parade of the G. A. R. at Boston yesterday was five hours and a half in passing a given point. It was reviewed by President Harrison, Vice-President Morton, members of the cabinet, distinguished citizens and officers and immense crowds of people. President Harrison was last night banqueted by the Mayor's club of Boston.

The Texas State democratic convention met at San Antonio yesterday. The platform is a strong document, denouncing the corrupt tariff, the federal election bill, and a plank was inserted demanding separate coaches for whites and blacks. The supporters of General Hogg are so vastly in the majority that there is no fight against anything they do. The nominations will be made to-day.

The South Carolina State democratic convention met in Columbia to-day. It is said that the opponents of Tillman are determined to fight to the end. If a ticket is nominated now they will declare Tillman's party out of the democratic ranks, will nominate a ticket and will then fight at the polls in November. If this is done it will be the bitterest contest in the history of the State. The feeling is most bitter.

In the House of Representatives yesterday Gen. Lee introduced a resolution receding the charges contained in a resolution introduced last week by Representative Morgan, to the effect that the Agricultural Department had protected Alex. J. Wedderburn from the result of criminal operation connected with the mails, and directing the Post-office committee of the House to make a full investigation of the charges.

The Mississippi constitutional convention met at Jackson yesterday. Gen. Featherstone was made temporary chairman. The most important work of the convention will be the settlement of the race problem. The people expect their representatives to pass some sort of a ballot law that will for all time to come eliminate the vote of the ignorant, and it is more than probable that the Australian system, with some modifications, will be adopted. Others demand an elective judiciary, a limit of tenure of office, curtailment of executive ability, and the abolishment of the office of lieutenant governor.

Delaware Democrats.

The Delaware democratic State convention which met at Dover yesterday nominated Robert J. Reynolds for Governor and John W. Canney for Congress.

The success of Mr. Reynolds means the defeat of the Saulsburies.

The platform, which was read by ex-Secretary Bayard, denounces the usurpations of the majority in Congress, protests against the force bill as atrocious and designed to perpetuate sectional and class control over the taxing powers of the Union, characterizes the McKinley tariff bill as a measure to increase taxation "while it lessens revenues, strangles commerce, enhances the cost of living and of production, obstructs the enterprises of shipbuilding and the employment of mechanics and navigators, and piles new burdens on agriculture without obtaining for the farmer a wider market for a single product," condemns the proposed increase of the duty on tin-plate "as an especial blow upon every grower of fruit and vegetables," denounces the use of money at the polls, and pledges the democracy of Delaware "to rise above petty dissensions and personal animosities." After reading the platform Mr. Bayard made a ringing democratic speech, in which, after severely criticising "the antocratic action of one branch of Congress," which, he said, had become a piece of machinery moved by one man, he spoke of the McKinley bill and the force bill as being expedients devised by a handful of men to enrich themselves. The depression among the agricultural classes Mr. Bayard attributed in large measure to the heavy burdens imposed by tariff taxation, and he urged the democracy of Delaware not to let their local prejudices stand in the way of the performance of their duties as patriotic citizens.

DIED.

August 13th, LENA HAMILTON, daughter of James and Della Hamilton, aged two years and nine months.

Little Lena, then last left us; We thy loss most deeply felt; But 'tis God who hath beft us; He can all our sorrows heal.

FROM HER FATHER.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her parents, No. 417 1/2 Washington street, on Thursday evening, August 14th, at 5 o'clock. Friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Governor McKinney has accepted the invitation to attend the Lynchburg Industrial Fair.

The alliance of the Richmond and Danville and the Lynchburg and Darham railroads has been dissolved.

The health of Col. Richard F. Beirne of the Richmond State, who has been in Philadelphia for some time past, is said to be in a critical condition.

The survivors of the "Laurel Bridge" of Virginia Volunteers of Confederate States Cavalry, will hold a reunion at Winchester on September 17th next.

At Danville yesterday Albert A. Howard, aged eighteen, and Mollie W. Howard, aged fourteen were married. They are residents of North Danville, are first cousins, have to father, but the mother on each side gave consent to the marriage.

Mr. George D. Wise's friends are greatly elated over the result of the election in Henrico of delegates to the convention. Wise gained a big victory over the combined forces of Ellett and Cardwell, and his chances of securing the nomination are better than they were a few days ago.

Thornton Adams, the young white man who has been in the Henrico county jail for some days past, charged with connection with the murder of Sammo Roseditcher, the peddler who was found on Felitz's farm, was bailed yesterday in the sum of \$5,000.

The mystery surrounding the murder of Roseditcher increases the interest in the case.

All three of the aspirants for the democratic nomination for Congress from the Richmond district have been served with papers setting forth demands of the National Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union, which they are asked to pledge themselves to recognize unflinchingly by party caucus before the alliance will support them for office. It is understood that none of the candidates have committed themselves to these principles further than to say that they are friendly to the agricultural interests and will support such measures as will benefit the farming element.

The Force Bill.

Senator Quay caused a sensation in the Senate yesterday evening by introducing a resolution to postpone certain legislation, including the force bill, until next session, and limiting the tariff debate to August 30. It is said to be the result of a compromise with the democrats. The resolution proposes to amend the rules of the Senate by providing:

First: That during the present session the Senate will not take up for consideration any legislative business other than the tariff bill, general appropriation bills, bills relating to public lands and public lands, pensions and Senate or congressional resolutions.

Second: That the consideration of all other bills shall be postponed until the next session, and

Third: That the vote on the tariff bill and the amendments thereto shall be taken on the 30th of August at two o'clock p. m., without further debate until the consideration of the bill and amendments be completed.

The resolution went over till to-day. This is said to be the result of an agreement reached at a conference between Senator Quay, representing the republicans, and Senator Gorman, representing the democrats, but whether a sufficient number of republicans will follow Mr. Quay's lead to make it effectual remains to be seen. There is a general feeling that the Quay resolution will be adopted, although they may be somewhat political practices behind it. If the Quay compromise goes through, Congress should be ready to adjourn early in September, if not sooner.

In reference to the resolutions the New York Sun says: "Basis Quay has taken the reins in the Senate, and has boldly made a compromise arrangement with the democrats by which the tariff and other important measures will be passed, and Messrs. Hoar, Spooner, and the other 'bloody-shirt' Senators left weeping for their lost cause. Heroic measures are to be adopted by the republican Senators to reach a vote upon the tariff bill at an early day, and also to dispose of the River and Harbor Appropriations bills. The republican side of the chamber has been polled, and it is definitely learned that the force bill has no show whatever of being passed. An arrangement has therefore been made under which Senator Quay, acting for a large number of the republicans, and Senator Gorman for the democrats, have agreed upon an order of business which provides for the postponement of the Federal Elections bill until next December."

The Lee Will Case.

A telegram from Fredericksburg says the trial of the Lee will case was begun yesterday. The will, about which there is a contest, is alleged to have been made by S. Smith Lee. The will reads as follows:

"This day I will and bequeath to my children—Nannie Marie Lee, Louis Napoleon, John Clark Lee, Annie Dimp—all my estate, real and personal. (Signed) S. Smith Lee. Test: A. M. Green, William Walker, May 6 1883."

Three witnesses were introduced who testified they saw Smith Lee write the will. A. M. Green could not recollect the circumstances, but swore to his signature as one of the subscribing witnesses to the will. Mr. Bryan and others testified to Mr. Walker's signature. The three little children and their mother were present in court.

The plaintiffs introduced witnesses to prove that the will is not in Smith Lee's handwriting, and to assail the character of E. E. Ormsmond, the principal witness for the defense. More experts will be put on the stand to-morrow, after which the rebuttal testimony will follow. The claimants under the will are the alleged illegitimate children of S. Smith Lee, and those who seek to upset the will are his near relatives. The case was removed from the bench of Stafford county. Judge Keith is presiding, and the trial attracts much interest.

The Alliance in Virginia.

A Lynchburg letter to the Richmond Dispatch explains the methods by which the Farmers' Alliance in Virginia, which holds its State convention in Lynchburg on the 19th, proposes to attain its purpose of saving money on purchases and increasing profits on sales. In every city, town and village "they will select a certain merchant, or merchants, and by uniting their patronage on them they hope, by the increase of trade, to get their goods at a very low price or small commission. They also propose forming some scheme whereby they can reduce the commission on all farm products and thereby effect a saving to the individual farmer. Another scheme that will be tried and which promises a great saving is in the district and precinct alliances buying guano and fertilizer of all kinds by the wholesale, having it shipped to some convenient point and distributing it out to the individual farmers at wholesale prices."

Charles Poe, a member of the Baltimore bar, for the past two years located in New York, has been cited by the Circuit Court of Baltimore county to account for about \$20,000 of the estate of the late F. W. Bonner, of which he was one of the executors and, latterly, trustee.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Proceedings of Congress.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 13 SENATE.

The House amendments to the Senate bills to adopt regulations to prevent collisions at sea and to amend the act relative to shipping commissioners were presented and were, on motion of Mr. Frye, concurred in.

Mr. Hale offered a resolution (which was agreed to) directing the Secretary of the Navy to investigate the counterfeit stamping of steel plates for U. S. naval vessels at the Linden Steel Works, Pittsburg.

The Senate then proceeded to the consideration of executive business.

The doors were reopened at 11:10.

The resolution offered by Mr. Edmunds yesterday limiting debate on the tariff bill was laid before the Senate, and was, on motion of Mr. Aldrich (who said that Mr. Edmunds was aware of his purpose), referred to the committee on rules.

Mr. Blair's resolution authorizing a provision for the previous question took the same direction as his own motion.

Mr. Quay's resolution providing, among other things, for a vote on the tariff bill on the 30th of August, was also (on motion of Mr. Aldrich) referred to the committee on rules, after a statement by Mr. Quay that he understood the reservation of general appropriation bills to include the river and harbor bill.

Mr. Hoar offered an amendment to Mr. Quay's resolution, so as to include the federal election bill among the measures to be taken up for consideration at the present session. Referred to the committee on rules.

The House joint resolution extending the provisions of existing laws providing for temporary expenditures of the government (to 29th of August) was laid before the Senate.

Mr. Plumb suggested in a tone of sarcasm whether it would not be just as well (instead of having appropriation bills prepared and considered every session) to pass a joint resolution extending the appropriations from year to year, and he asked Mr. Allison whether the Senate was not likely to come to that next session.

Mr. Allison replied that no Senator could doubt the necessity of the extension of appropriations at this time.

The joint resolution was passed.

The consideration of the tariff bill was then resumed, the pending question being on Mr. Vane's amendment (filed on Monday) reducing the duty on tin-plate from 22-10 cents to 1 cent a pound (the existing rate).

Mr. Carlisle took part in the discussion, and citing a statement made before the House committee on ways and means by Mr. Cronmeyer (that the quantity of tin plate annually imported into the United States was \$36,632 tons, costing \$23,000,000, and that the production of that material in this country would give employment to 300,000 workmen), said that he had made a calculation of the wages which those workmen would receive under these conditions. If one half of the \$23,000,000 was spent in wages (the other half going for material and expenses) each one of the workmen would receive the magnificent sum of \$38.33 per year; and if the whole amount was paid on wages each one of the workmen would receive \$76.66 per year. And that, he said, was the sort of statement on which this legislation was asked.

HOUSE.

Mr. Springer, of Illinois, called attention to what he claimed were omissions in the journal of yesterday's proceeding (including the omission of any reference to a point of order made by him) and moved that the journal be corrected.

The motion to amend was lost, yeas 78, nays 88, and the journal was approved.

Mr. Atkinson asked unanimous consent for the consideration of Senate bill granting leave of absence to per diem employees in the customs service.

Mr. Kerr, of Iowa, objected.

Mr. Brewer presented the conference report on the fortification appropriation bill.

Foreign News.

ODESSA, Aug. 13.—It is rumored in official circles here that the Czar intends to intervene in behalf of the oppressed in Armenia.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—A dispatch from Buenos Ayres states that a statement to be issued by the Government will show that \$500,000,000 passed through Celman's hands while he was president, and that the country derived little benefit from it.

CARDIFF, Wales, Aug. 13.—The outlook for a settlement of the troubles between the railways and the strikers is good. Sixty thousand men are now idle in consequence of the strike.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—There are rumors of a crisis in the Cabinet. The Finance Minister, it is said, is about to resign.

ROME, Aug. 13.—The Pope was much shocked at the news of the death of Cardinal Newman. He will celebrate mass for the deceased cardinal in his private chapel to-morrow and will later offer up a requiem mass in the Sistine chapel.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—An article in the News, on Cardinal Newman, concludes as follows: "No admiration for Newman's marvellous versatile genius will alter the fact that he was often blind to the lessons of history, deaf to the voice of science and so unconscious of the truth."

DUBLIN, Aug. 13.—Mr. Shannon, the Dublin solicitor of the London Times, who was connected with the Pigott scandal and who mysteriously disappeared several months ago, has returned to his home.

The Late Strike.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.—The strike situation to-day remains practically unchanged excepting that the officials claim that it is improved. They say that freight trains are coming in and going out on time. They

also say that the running of the passenger trains has resumed the normal condition. The police are still on guard at the Grand Central depot, but there is nothing to indicate that there has been a strike.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 13.—The swiftness and laborers in the Delaware and Hudson freight yards quit work this afternoon. The company's officers says the number of strikers will not exceed 250.

South Carolina Democrats.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Aug. 13.—The democratic State convention called for the purpose of deciding whether State officers should be nominated by the convention or the primary plan, met to-day and was called to order by Col. James A. Hoyt, chairman of the State democratic executive committee. Much confusion occurred in the nomination of temporary chairman of the convention. The Tillmanites objected to the plan proposed by the chairman of the democratic executive committee, the nomination of G. Lamb Baist, straight ticket, by the convention. The Tillmanites nominated W. T. Tabers as temporary chairman. He was elected.

G. A. R.

BOSTON, Aug. 13.—The convention of the 24th national encampment of the G. A. R. came to order in Music Hall at 11 a. m. Commander in chief Gen. Alger delivered his annual address. The reports of adjutant general Geo. H. Hopkins and Quartermaster Gen. Taylor were presented. The Grant monument fund was shown to have been increased by \$931.76 since last encampment and to amount to \$11,114.55. The number of posts in the Grand Army on June 30, 1890, was 6,928; number of comrades in good standing to June 30, 351,241.

Bitten by a Skunk

PRESCOTT, Ariz., Aug. 13.—Miss Moore, a prospector, arrived here last night suffering with a bite received on the right foot while asleep in camp on Saturday from a skunk. The animal imbedded its teeth so firmly in the foot that it pulled a piece of the foot with it. As the two cases of skunk bites have recently proven fatal in the neighborhood, one of them developing into a well defined case of hydrophobia, Mr. Moore has left here for the Pasteur Institute in New York for treatment.

The Quickest on Record

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.—The steamship Teutonic, of the White Star line, has smashed all records. The vessel made the run from Roche's Point, Ireland, to Sandy Hook in 5 days 19 hours and 5 minutes. The best record of the City of Paris was made last year when that vessel made the run across in 5 days 19 hours and 18 minutes. The City of Paris on that trip covered 2,788 knots whereas the Teutonic covered 2,876 and beat the City of Paris's time in addition by thirteen minutes.

Nomination.

EMPORIA, Kan., Aug. 13.—The people's party of the fourth district nominated J. G. O'Leary, a prominent farmer, for Congress yesterday.

Telegraphic Brevities.

One of the leading fruit growers in Michigan says that the failure of peaches, apples and pears has not been so disastrous to 25 years.

The people's party held their State convention in Topeka, Kan., to-day for the purpose of placing a full State ticket in nomination. There are 575 delegates present.

W. H. Walker, a well known dealer in agricultural implements, was accidentally killed near Eugene, Ore., yesterday, while hunting in the mountains, being mistaken for a deer.

A company of militia arrived at Clifton, Minn., this morning. The leaders of the strike say that they will never give up, and it is believed that the action will have to be taken.

The population of Maine is 658,454 an increase of 9,500 since 1880. In round numbers the present population of Vermont is 332,000. The census return of 1880 gave the population as 332,286.

Arthur Hoyt Day, of Rochester, N. Y., who was accused of murdering his wife by pushing her over the precipice at the White Rapids, Niagara Falls, was brought from Niagara Falls and placed in jail at Welland, Ont., to-day.

A mad Texan steer escaped from a New York slaughter house early this morning and trotted down Third avenue, where it attacked and badly gored Charles Erhart, 55 years old. The steer was shot by Police Officer Patrick O'Hare as the animal was going Erhart.

Jos. A. Sargent, aged 75 and his grandson Leslie Sargent, aged 4, of Irving, while crossing the Fitchburg Railroad Company's tracks just east of Irving station, Mass., at 9 o'clock this morning were struck by the pay train and both instantly killed. The bodies were badly mangled.

Frederick Law O'Mstead, the engineer brought from Boston, reports that the ground for the World's Fair at Jackson Park, Chicago, would be adapted only for such buildings as could be removed after the exposition. He declared the park to be unsuitable for a live stock exhibit or for showing agricultural implements in operation.

The Maryland State Farmers' Alliance resumed its session in Baltimore to-day and the discussion of a proposition to establish in that city a State alliance exchange, the purpose of which is to bring the producer and consumer of farm products into direct communication and thus save the farmer the expense of the "middle-man."

For some unexplained reason, Treasury officers are disposed to be very secret and mysterious with regard to to-day's silver transactions and refuse absolutely to give out any information with regard to silver for the sale of silver bullion to the Government which may have been received by the Department to-day under the circular of August 1st.

It is estimated that the fortifying of Heligoland will cost Germany \$7,500,000.

POTOMAC FLOUR.—Another supply of Potomac Flour, unexcelled, just received by J. C. MILBURN, Aug. 13.

ALEXANDRIA VA.  
WEDNESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 13.

SUPERINTENDENT PORTER of the census bureau, unintentionally, of course, is doing the democrats much good and the republicans much harm. His report, for instance, sustains the testimony of Mr. Compton, who was turned out of his seat in the United States House of Representatives by the republican majority in that body, to the effect that his district was colonized by negro republican voters from Washington at the last election, as it shows that though the population in some of the counties in that district has decreased, there was a large increase in the number of voters in them at the election referred to. His report also shows such an increase in the population of the South and such a decrease in that of the North that the republican scheme for making a new apportionment of congressional representation and holding next fall's election in accordance therewith, has been suddenly and summarily abandoned. Good for Porter. Providence achieves its ends in mysterious ways.

RICH PEOPLE, as a general rule, do not eat canned food. They have the means for procuring their food in its fresh condition all the year round. The poor are the people who consume canned food, because they have not the money necessary for buying what is put up that way, when out of season. But the republican Congress imposes a heavy tax on the tin of which the cans are made, and that, too, though it is not produced in this country, and where the tax therefore cannot in any conceivable way help American labor. Why, the wild Howl-tentists would have sense enough to scout such a scheme of revenue as is foolishly submitted to by the working men of this country, where the poor are compelled to pay almost the entire expense of a government most extravagantly and corruptly administered.

A NEGRO preacher has sued a Canadian railroad company for refusing to allow him to sit at the same table with the white passengers in one of its depot restaurants. Yes, even in the chilly regions of the ice-ribbed North the irrepressible race conflict will manifest itself. The white and the black man can not live together on terms of equality. There can be no true democracy where the two races approximate equal numbers, for one must rule and one alone, and as the white, as far back as tradition extends, has always been the superior race, it is only natural to suppose that it will always continue to be, and neither railroad suits nor Force bills can make it otherwise, for what nature has put asunder, man's laws cannot join together.

IN HIS speech at